FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

# To the Directors of National Service Dog Training Centre Inc.:

# **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of National Service Dog Training Centre Inc. (the organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of operations and net assets for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the organization as at December 31, 2019, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations (ASNPO).

### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the organization derives a portion of its revenue from the community in the form of cash that are not subject to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the accounting for the amounts recorded in the records of the organization.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence that we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Annual Report (but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon), which we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPOs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis for accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the organization's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Cambridge, Ontario June 8, 2020

Racolta Jensen LLP Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

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# NATIONAL SERVICE DOG TRAINING CENTRE INC. (Incorporated under the laws of Canada)

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2019 (With comparative figures as at 2018)

ASSETS		2019		2018
CURRENT Bank Temporary investments Government remittances recoverable	\$	257,220 91 9,090	\$	312,729 130 16,442
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (note 3)	 \$	266,401 444,044 710,445	s	329,301 454,615 783,916
LIABILITIES		-		
CURRENT Accounts, payable and accrued Deferred revenue (note 4) Scheduled repayments of long-term debt due within one year (note 5)	\$	37,752 77,000 9,757	\$	45,476 159,000 9,326 213,802
DEFERRED REVENUE (note 4)		132,500		
LONG-TERM DEBT (note 5)		92,206	•	132,500 102,024
CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (note 6)	******	349,215		448,326
			SW	
ORGANIZATION'S NET ASSETS				
NET ASSETS		361,230	***********	335,590
	<b>S</b>	710,445	\$	783,916
APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:  Director	,	Director		

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

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# STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND NET ASSETS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (With comparative figures for 2018)

		2019	%	2018	%
REVENUE					
General donations (note 4)	\$	320,370	35.7	\$ 395,182	40.9
Contributions from other registered charities		416,069	46.4	295,309	30.5
Events		110,117	12.3	133,544	13.8
Gifts-in-kind		35,334	3.9	127,889	13.2
Fees	_	14,863	<u>1.7</u>	14,934	1.5
		896,753	100.0	966,858	<u>100.0</u>
EXPENDITURE					
Wages and benefits		497,462	55.5	476,595	49.3
Animal care		125,450	14.0	102,696	10.6
General		52,137	5.8	54,717	5.7
Occupancy costs		52,463	5.9	48,664	5.0
Client services		47,415	5.3	40,522	4.2
Supplies, gifts-in-kind		35,334	3.9	127,889	13.2
Consulting		23,112	2.6	77,554	8.0
Amortization		13,258	1.5	14,556	1.5
Marketing and fundraising material		21,179	2.4	24,789	2.6
Interest on long-term debt (note 5)	-	4,749	0.5	5,173	0.5
	-	872,559	97.3	973,155	<u>100.7</u>
EARNINGS (LOSS) BEFORE THE FOLLOWING		24,194	2.7	(6,297)	(0.7)
GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT	_	1,446	0.2		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURE		25,640	<u>2.9</u>	(6,297)	<u>(0.7</u> )
NET ASSETS, beginning		335,590		341,887	
NET ASSETS, ending	<b>\$_</b>	361,230		\$335,590	

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (With comparative figures for 2018)

	2019		2018	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditure for the year	\$	25,640	\$	(6,297)
Charges not requiring cash:		10.050		11.556
Amortization		13,258		14,556
Gain on disposal of property and equipment	-	(1,446)		
		37,452		8,259
CHANGES IN NON-CASH WORKING CAPITAL				-
Decrease in temporary investments		39		2,094
Decrease (increase) in government remittances recoverable		7,352		(9,897)
Increase (decrease) in accounts, payable and accrued		(7,725)		12,837
Decrease in deferred revenue		(82,000)		(6,000)
Cash from (used in) operating activities		(44,882)		7,293
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repayments of long-term debt		(9,387)		(8,938)
Cash used in financing activities		(9,387)	-	(8,938)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of property and equipment		(3,040)		-
Proceeds on disposal of property and equipment		1,800	_	
Cash used in investing activities		(1,240)		
DECREASE IN CASH		(55,509)		(1,645)
BANK, beginning		312,729	_	314,374
BANK, ending	\$	257,220	\$	312,729

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### PURPOSE OF THE ORGANIZATION

The organization is incorporated without share capital under the laws of Canada as a not for profit organization to operate a facility providing training of service dogs for individuals with disabilities.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and reflect the following policies:

## (a) Temporary investments

Temporary investments consist of gifts-in-kind of financial securities. The securities are recognized initially at fair value on the date they are received. They are subsequently measured at fair value.

# (b) Property and equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Amortization is provided at the following annual rates:

Building, 1286 Cedar Creek Road - 4% declining balance basis - 30% declining balance basis Computer equipment - 3 years on a straight line basis Computer software Fencing - 20% declining balance basis Kennel equipment - 20% declining balance basis Maintenance equipment - 20% declining balance basis - 20% declining balance basis Office equipment Vehicle - 30% declining balance basis

Amortization is calculated at one-half of the normal rate in the year of acquisition.

#### (c) Impairment of long-lived assets

A long-lived asset is tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that its carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when the asset no longer has long-term service potential to the organization. No impairment has been recognized on long-lived assets.

#### (d) Measurement of financial instruments

The organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value. Financial assets measured at amortized cost include bank and temporary investments. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and long-term debt. The organization has designated temporary investments to be subsequently measured at fair value.

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#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

## (e) Revenue recognition

The organization's activities are supported through donations, grants and fundraising activities.

The organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

The organization recognizes revenue when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and collection is reasonably assured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

General donations are recognized in the period in which they are received. Restricted donations are recognized as deferred revenue in the period in which the donation is received and then are recognized as revenue as the expenses are incurred.

Gifts-in-kind are recognized at their estimated fair value when the goods are received. As there is often no readily available fair market for these goods, management uses its expertise and knowledge to estimate the fair value. The offsetting expense is always equal to the fair value. Gifts-in-kind received as donations in the form of temporary investments are presented with general donations. Gifts-in-kind used in the course of programming are presented as Gifts-in-Kind.

Event revenue is recognized when the event revenue is earned, the amount collectible is known, and any performance of services have been completed.

#### (f) Income taxes

The organization is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act and is exempt from income tax.

#### (g) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and related notes to the financial statements. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Items material to the financial statements that require the use of estimates include the useful lives of property and equipment and the fair value of revenues and expenses recognized as gifts-in-kind.

#### 2. BANK INDEBTEDNESS

The organization has an available operating loan facility from the TD Commercial Banking in the amount of \$140,000. Interest is charged on outstanding balances at TD Bank prime plus 3%. The balance is due on demand and is secured by a general security agreement, limited first charge on 1286 Cedar Creek Road, Cambridge, Ontario in the amount of \$390,000 and assignment of fire insurance in the amount of \$390,000. As at December 31, 2019, there was no balance outstanding. The carrying value of security is \$433,061.

The operating loan facility requires that a covenant be maintained. As at December 31, 2019 the organization was in compliance with the lending covenants.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2019

# 3. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Cost		cumulated ortization	Во	2019 Net ook Value	Во	2018 Net ook Value
Building, 1286 Cedar Creek Road	\$ 408,695	\$	175,634	\$	233,061	\$	242,771
Computer equipment	10,955		9,535		1,420		268
Computer software	7,450		7,450		-		-
Fencing	711		705		6		7
Kennel equipment	4,824		3,296		1,528		1,910
Land, 1286 Cedar Creek Road	200,000		-		200,000		200,000
Maintenance equipment	3,090		1,512		1,578		324
Office equipment	12,753		11,440		1,313		1,641
Vehicle	 58,594	-	53,456		5,138		7,694
	\$ 707,072	\$	263,028	\$	444,044	\$	454,615

#### 4. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue represents designated contributions for which the organization has not yet spent the money on the specific expenditure. This revenue is deferred and recognized as revenue in the year in which related expenses are incurred. Examples include funds for service dogs trained but not placed throughout the year.

	2019	2018
Deferred revenue, beginning	\$ 291,500	\$ 297,500
Add: funds received in advance	35,000	159,000
Less: funds recognized in revenue during the year	 117,000	 165,000
Deferred revenue, ending	\$ 209,500	\$ 291,500

Contributions in the amount of \$132,500 are not expected to be spent until beyond January 1, 2021 and are therefore presented as long-term.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

				2019	2018		
TD Commercial loan - repayable in monthly blended payments of \$1,178, bearing interest at 4.49%, due for renewal August 2022. Secured by land and building at 1286 Cedar Creek Road, Cambridge, Ontario. The carrying value of the security is \$433,061.				\$ 101,963	\$	111,350	
Less scheduled repayments due within one year				 9,757		9,326	
				\$ 92,206	\$	102,024	
Principal payments are as follows:							
	2020 2021 2022	\$	9,757 10,204 82,002				
		\$	101,963				

#### 6. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The organization has a claim against it for an employment matter. The matter will be settled after year-end for an unknown cost.

#### 7. DONATED GOODS AND SERVICES

The work of the organization is dependent on volunteer services of the Board of Directors, various committees and other volunteers. The nature of other volunteer services provided is not verifiable and therefore is not recognized in these financial statements.

#### 8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISKS

#### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that other parties may default on their financial obligations.

The organization is exposed to credit risk on its bank balance.

Credit risk associated with bank is minimized substantially by ensuring that these assets are invested in a major financial institution.

The extent of the organization's exposure to credit risk decreased in 2019.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### 8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISKS - continued

# (b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the company will not be able to meet a demand for cash or fund its obligations as they come due. Liquidity risk also includes the risk of the company not being able to liquidate assets in a timely manner at a reasonable price.

The company meets its liquidity requirements by monitoring cash flows from operations, anticipating investing and financing activities and holding assets that can be readily converted into cash. The company has a credit facility in place should it be required to meet temporary fluctuations in cash requirements (see Note 2).

The extent of the company's exposure to liquidity risk did not change in 2019.

#### 9. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic due to the novel coronavirus (COVID-19). The situation is constantly evolving, and the measures put in place are having multiple impacts on local, provincial, national and global economies. Management is closely monitoring the situation and has, in light of social distancing and travel restrictions, postponed spring fundraising events until fall and has put virtual alternatives in place as back up should restrictions continue to year end. In person client training activities are postponed until summer and online coaching and learning opportunities have been developed to ensure ongoing training and support services are effective for clients and volunteers.

The organization is positioned to adjust to the changing dynamic of the COVID-19 situation and provide a combination of virtual and in person training that ensures the continuation of its mission. The overall effect of these postponed events on the organization is too uncertain to be estimated at this time. The impacts will be accounted for when they are known and may be assessed. Should there be a material decline in revenue, management and those charged with governance will adjust the expenditure budget accordingly to preserve the organization's liquidity. Management does not believe this will impact the organization's ability to continue as a going concern.